



# **TFT COLOR LCD MODULE**

# NL128102BC29-10

# 48.0cm (19.0 Type) SXGA LVDS Interface (2 ports)

# **PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET**

DOD-PP-0492 (2nd edition)

This PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET is updated document from DOD-PP-0486(1)

All information is subject to change without notice. Please confirm the sales representative before starting to design your system.

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### NL128102BC29-10

### INTRODUCTION

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The quality grade of this product is the "Standard" unless otherwise specified in this document.



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#### **1. OUTLINE**

### 1.1 STRUCTURE AND PRINCIPLE

Color LCD module NL128102BC29-10 is composed of the amorphous silicon thin film transistor liquid crystal display (a-Si TFT LCD) panel structure with driver LSIs for driving the TFT (Thin Film Transistor) array and a backlight.

The a-Si TFT LCD panel structure is injected liquid crystal material into a narrow gap between the TFT array glass substrate and a monochrome-filter glass substrate.

Grayscale data signals from a host system (e.g. signal generator, etc.) are modulated into best form for active matrix system by a signal processing board, and sent to the driver LSIs which drive the individual TFT arrays.

The TFT array as an electro-optical switch regulates the amount of transmitted light from the backlight assembly, when it is controlled by data signals. Monochrome images are created by regulating the amount of transmitted light through the TFT array.

#### **1.2 APPLICATION**

• Monitor for PC

#### **1.3 FEATURES**

- Ultra-wide viewing angle (Adoption of Ultra-Advanced Super Fine TFT (UA-SFT))
- Wide color gamut
- High contrast
- LVDS interface
- Selectable LVDS data input map
- Edge light type (without inverter)





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### 2. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Display area	376.32 (H) × 301.056 (V) mm
Diagonal size of display	48cm (19.0 inches)
Drive system	a-Si TFT active matrix
Display color	16,777,216 colors
Pixel	1,280 (H) × 1,024 (V) pixels
Pixel arrangement	RGB (Red dot, Green dot, Blue dot) vertical stripe
Dot pitch	0.098 (H) × 0.294 (V) mm
Pixel pitch	0.294 (H) × 0.294 (V) mm
Module size	404.2 (W) × 330.0 (H) × 22.0 (D) mm (typ.)
Weight	(2,700) g (typ.)
Contrast ratio	(800:1) (typ.)
Viewing angle	<ul> <li>At the contrast ratio ≥ 10:1</li> <li>Horizontal: Right side 88° (typ.), Left side 88° (typ.)</li> <li>Vertical: Up side 88° (typ.), Down side 88° (typ.)</li> </ul>
Designed viewing direction	Viewing angle with optimum grayscale ( $\gamma$ =2.2): normal axis (Perpendicular)
Polarizer surface	Antiglare
Polarizer pencil-hardness	3H (min.) [by JIS K5400]
Color gamut	At LCD panel center 72 % (typ.) [against NTSC color space]
Response time	$\begin{array}{l} Ton+Toff (10\% \leftrightarrow 90\%) \\ (20) \text{ ms (typ.)} \end{array}$
Luminance	$\begin{array}{c} At \ IBL=6.0mArms \ / \ lamp \\ (300) \ cd/m^2 \ (typ.) \end{array}$
Signal system	LVDS 2 port (Receiver: THC63LVDF84B, THine Electronics Inc. or equivalent) [8bit digital signals for data of RGB colors, Dot clock (CLK), Data enable (DE)]
Power supply voltage	LCD panel signal processing board: 5.0V
Backlight	Edge light type: 6 cold cathode fluorescent lamps (without inverter)
Power consumption	<i>At IBL= 6.0mArms/lamp, Checkered flag pattern</i> TBD W (typ., Power dissipation of the inverter is not included.)





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### 4. DETAILED SPECIFICATIONS

### 4.1 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Parameter	Specification		Unit
Module size	$404.2 \pm 0.5 \text{ (W)} \times 330.0 \pm 0.5 \text{ (H)} \times 22.0 \pm 0.3 \text{ (D)}$ Note1	Note2	mm
Display area	376.32 (H) × 301.056 (V)	Note2	mm
Weight	(2,700) (typ.), (2,850) (max.)		g

Note1: Excluding lamp cable, cable clamp and projections. Note2: See "7. OUTLINE DRAWINGS".

#### 4.2 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

	Paramete	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Remarks	
Power supply				-0.3 to +6.0	V	$Ta = 25^{\circ}C$
voltage	L	amp voltage	VBLH	2,000	Vrms	1a – 25 C
Display signals Input voltage Note1			VD	0.2 ( 2.0	V	$Ta = 25^{\circ}C$
for signals	Fı	nction signal Note2	VF	-0.3 to +2.8	V	VDD= 5.0V
	Storage temp	Tst	-20 to +60	°C	-	
On antina ta	Fro		TopF	0 to +55	°C	Note3
Operating te	emperature	Rear surface	TopR	0 to +60	°C	Note4
				≤ 95	%	$Ta \le 40^{\circ}C$
	Relative hun Note5	nidity	RH	≤ 85	%	$40 < Ta \le 50^{\circ}C$
				≤ 70	%	$50 < Ta \le 55^{\circ}C$
Absolute humidity Note5			АН	≤ 73 Note6	g/m <sup>3</sup>	Ta > 55°C
Operating altitude			-	≤ 4,850	m	$0^{\circ}C \le Ta \le 55^{\circ}C$
	Storage alti	-	≤ 13,600	m	$-20^{\circ}C \le Ta \le 60^{\circ}C$	

Note1:Display signals are DA0+/-, DA1+/-, DA2+/-, DA3+/-, CKA+/-, DB0+/-, DB1+/-, DB2+/-, DB3+/-, CKB+/-

Note2: Function signal is TxSEL.

Note3: Measured at center of LCD panel surface (including self-heat)

Note4: Measured at center of LCD module's rear shield surface (including self-heat)

Note5: No condensation

Note6: Water amount at  $Ta = 55^{\circ}C$  and RH = 70%

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**4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 

4.3.1 LCD panel signal processing board

	e						$(Ta = 25^{\circ}C)$
Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks	
Power supply voltage		VDD	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	-
Power supply current		IDD	-	TBD Note1	TBD Note2	mA	at VDD = 5.0V
Permissible ripple voltage		VRP	-	-	100	mVp-p	for VDD
Differential input threshold	High	VTH	-	-	+100	mV	at VCM = 1.2V
voltage	Low	VTL	-100	-	-	mV	Note3
Terminating resistance		RT	-	100	-	Ω	-
Input voltage for TxSEL	High	VFH	Ke	ep this pin op	en.	-	
signal	Low	VFL	-	-	0.5	V	TxSEL Note4
Input current for TxSEL signa	1	IFL	-80	-	-35	μΑ	

Note1: Checkered flag pattern [by EIAJ ED-2522]

Note2: Pattern for maximum current

Note3: Common mode voltage for LVDS receiver

Note4: TxSEL is pulled-up in the product. (Pull-up resistance:  $50k\Omega$ )



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4.3.2 Backlight lamp

						$(1a=25^{\circ}C, Note1)$
Parameter	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks
Lamp current	IBL	3.5	6.0	7.0	mArms	at IBL=6.0mArms: (300) cd/m <sup>2</sup> Note3
Lamp voltage	VBLH	-	650	-	Vrms	Note2, Note3
Lamp starting voltage	VS	1,350	-	-	Vrms	Ta = 25°C Note2, Note3, Note6
Lamp starting voltage		1,550	-	-	Vrms	Ta = 0°C Note2, Note3, Note6
Lamp oscillation frequency	FO	40	48	55	kHz	Note4

Note1: This product consists of 6 backlight lamps, and these specifications are for each lamp.

- Note2: The lamp voltage cycle between lamps should be kept on a same phase. "VS" and "VBLH" are the voltage value between low voltage side (Cold) and high voltage side (Hot).
- Note3: The asymmetric ratio of working waveform for lamps (Power supply voltage peak ratio, power supply current peak ratio and waveform space ratio) should be less than 5 % (See the following figure.). If the waveform is asymmetric, DC (Direct current) element apply into the lamp. In this case, a lamp lifetime may be shortened, because a distribution of a lamp enclosure substance inclines toward one side between low voltage terminal (Cold terminal) and high voltage terminal (Hot terminal). When designing the inverter, evaluate asymmetric of lamp working waveform sufficiently.

Pa: Supply voltage/current peak for positive, Pb: Supply voltage/current peak for negative Sa: Waveform space for positive part, Sb: Waveform space for negative part

Note4: In case "FO" is not the recommended value, beat noise may display on the screen, because of interference between "FO" and "1/th". Recommended value of "FO" is as following.

$$FO = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{th} \times (2n-1)$$

th: Horizontal cycle (See "4.9.1 Timing characteristics".)n: Natural number (1, 2, 3 ......)

Note5: Method of lamp cable installation may invite fluctuation of lamp current and voltage or asymmetric of lamp working waveform. When designing method of lamp cable installation, evaluate the fluctuation of lamp current, voltage and working waveform sufficiently.



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Note6: In case of Inverter with Ballast condenser, "VS" is the voltage level between Ballast condenser and Connector (Refer to the below "Example of measurement"). "VS" should be designed to be more than minimum "VS". Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on because the lamp starting voltage is less than minimum "VS".

Example of measurement

Probe capacity: 3pF (Tektronix, inc.: P6015A)





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4.3.3 Power supply voltage ripple

This product works, even if the ripple voltage levels are beyond the permissible values as following the table, but there might be noise on the display image.

Power supply voltage		Ripple voltage Note1 (Measure at input terminal of power supply)	Unit
VDD	5.0V	≤ 100	mVp-p

Note1: The permissible ripple voltage includes spike noise.

4.3.4 Fuse

Parameter	Fuse		Rating	Fusing current	Remarks
1 arameter	Туре	Supplier	Rating	Tushig current	Remarks
VDD	TBD	TBD	(2.5 A) (32 V)	(6.25 A) 5min. max.	Note1

Note1: The power supply capacity should be more than the fusing current. If it is less than the fusing current, the fuse may not blow in a short time, and then nasty smell, smoke and so on may occur.





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\* These signals should be measured at the terminal of 100  $\Omega$  resistance.

- Note1: In terms of voltage variation (voltage drop) while VDD rising edge is below 4.5V, a protection circuit may work, and then this product may not work.
- Note2: Display signals (DA0+/-, DA1+/-, DA2+/-, DA3+/-, CKA+/-, DB0+/-, DB1+/-, DB2+/-, DB3+/-, CKB+/-) and TxSEL signal must be "0" voltage, exclude the VALID period (See above sequence diagram). If these signals are higher than 0.3V, the internal circuit is damaged. If some of display and function signals of this product are cut while this product is working, even if the signal input to it once again, it might not work normally. VDD should be cut when the display and function signals are stopped.
- Note3: The backlight should be turned on within the valid period of display and function signals, in order to avoid unstable data display.



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### 4.5 CONNECTIONS AND FUNCTIONS FOR INTERFACE PINS

### 4.5.1 LCD panel signal processing board

CN1 socket (LCD module side):FI-X30SSL-HF (Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))Adaptable plug:FI-X30C series/ FI-X30H series/ FI-X30M series(Japan Aviation Electronics Industry Limited (JAE))

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks		
1	DA0-		N-t-1		
2	DA0+	Odd pixel data 0	Note1		
3	DA1-		27.4.1		
4	DA1+	Odd pixel data 1	Note1		
5	DA2-	Odd nivel date 2	Note1		
6	DA2+	Odd pixel data 2	Noter		
7	GND	Ground	Note2		
8	CKA-	Odd pixel clock	Note1		
9	CKA+	oud pixel clock	Note1		
10	DA3-	Odd pixel data 3	Note1		
11	DA3+		Note1		
12	DB0-	Even pixel data 0	Note1		
13	DB0+		i vote i		
14	GND	Ground	Note2		
15	DB1-	Even pixel data 1	Note1		
16	DB1+				
17	GND	Ground	Note2		
18	DB2-	Even pixel data 2	Note1		
19	DB2+				
20	CKB-	Even pixel clock	Note1		
21	CKB+				
22	DB3-	Even pixel data 3	Note1		
23	DB3+	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
24	GND	Ground	Note2		
25	TxSEL	Selection of LVDS data input map	Open: Mode A Low: Mode B Note3, Note4		
26	RSVD	-	Keep this pin Open.		
27	N.C.	-	Keep this pin Open.		
28					
29	VDD	Power supply	Note2		
30					

Note1: Twist pair wires with  $100\Omega$  (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.

Note2: All GND and VDD terminals should be used without any non-connected lines. Note3: TxSEL is pulled-up in the product. (Pull-up resistance:  $50k\Omega$ ) Note4: See "4.6 SELECTION OF LVDS DATA INPUT MAP".

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4.5.2 Backlight lamp

#### Attention: VBLH and VBLC must be connected correctly. Wrong connections will cause electric shock and also break down of the product.

CN201 plug (LCD module side): BHSR-02VS-1 (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.) Adaptable socket: SM02B-BHSS-1-TB(LF)(SN) (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.) SM02B-BHSS-1-TB (IST Mfg Co Ltd)

	SW02D-DH55-1-1D (J.S.1 Wilg. Co., Ltd.)				
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks		
1	VBLH	High voltage (Hot)	Cable color: (Pink)		
2	VBLC	Low voltage (Cold)	Cable color: (Gray)		

Adaptable socket:

CN202 plug (LCD module side): BHSR-02VS-1 (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.) SM02B-BHSS-1-TB(LF)(SN) (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.) SM02B-BHSS-1-TB (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	VBLH	High voltage (Hot)	Cable color: (White)
2	VBLC	Low voltage (Cold)	Cable color: (Gray)

CN203 plug (LCD module side): BHSR-02VS-1 (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.) Adaptable socket:

SM02B-BHSS-1-TB(LF)(SN) (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.) SM02B-BHSS-1-TB (J.S.T Mfg, Co., Ltd.)

		5M02D-D1155-1-1D (J.S.1.)	viig. C0., Ltu.)
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	VBLH	High voltage (Hot)	Cable color: (Red)
2	VBLC	Low voltage (Cold)	Cable color: (Gray)

CN204 plug (LCD module side): BHSR-02VS-1 (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.) SM02B-BHSS-1-TB(LF)(SN) (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.) Adaptable socket:

SM02B-BHSS-1-TB (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	VBLH	High voltage (Hot)	Cable color: (Pink)
2	VBLC	Low voltage (Cold)	Cable color: )Gray)

CN205 plug (LCD module side): BHSR-02VS-1 (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.) Adaptable socket: SM02B-BHSS-1-TB(LF)(SN) (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.) SM02R\_RHSS\_1\_TR (IST Mfg Co

SM02B-BHSS-1-1B (J.S.1 MIg. Co., Ltd.)										
Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks							
1	VBLH	High voltage (Hot)	Cable color: (White)							
2	VBLC	Low voltage (Cold)	Cable color: (Gray)							

CN206 plug (LCD module side): BHSR-02VS-1 (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.) Adaptable socket:

SM02B-BHSS-1-TB(LF)(SN) (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.) SM02B-BHSS-1-TB (J.S.T Mfg. Co., Ltd.)

Pin No.	Symbol	Signal	Remarks
1	VBLH	High voltage (Hot)	Cable color: (Red)
2	VBLC	Low voltage (Cold)	Cable color: (Gray)

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### 4.6 SELECTION OF LVDS DATA INPUT MAP

4.6.1 Mode A

Innu	ıt data	Note1	1	Din		ransmitter	r equivalent			CN1	7
mpu		RA0	$\rightarrow$		TXIN0		. equivalent	Note2	Pin	Symbol	-1
					TXIN1		ΤΑ 1			DA0-	-
		RA1 RA2	$\rightarrow$		TXIN1 TXIN2		TA1-	$\rightarrow$		DA0- DA0+	-
			$\rightarrow$	_			TA1+	$\rightarrow$	2	DA0+	-
		RA3 RA4	$\rightarrow$	_	TXIN3		TD 1		2	DA1	-
		RA5	$\rightarrow$		TXIN4 TXIN6		TB1- TB1+	$\rightarrow$		DA1- DA1+	-
ıal			$\rightarrow$				1D1+	$\rightarrow$	4	DAIT	-
<u>6</u>		GA0	$\rightarrow$		TXIN7 TXIN8		TC1		5	DA2-	
.12		GA1	$\rightarrow$		TXIN8 TXIN9		TC1-	$\rightarrow$		DA2- DA2+	
rol		GA2	$\rightarrow$				TC1+	$\rightarrow$			-
nt		GA3	$\rightarrow$	_	TXIN12 TXIN13		TCLK1-		7	GND CKA-	
00		GA4 GA5	$\rightarrow$	_				$\rightarrow$		CKA- CKA+	-
рц			$\rightarrow$	_	TXIN14		TCLK1+	$\rightarrow$	9	CKA+	
aı		BA0	$\rightarrow$		TXIN15		TD1		10	D 4 2	-
ata		BA1	$\rightarrow$		TXIN18	1-4	TD1-	$\rightarrow$		DA3-	_
dâ		BA2	$\rightarrow$		TXIN19	1st	TD1+	$\rightarrow$	11	DA3+	_
[e]		BA3	$\rightarrow$		TXIN20						-
çiq		BA4	$\rightarrow$	_	TXIN21						-
Odd pixel data and control signal	N. ( 2	BA5 RSVD	$\rightarrow$	_	TXIN22						-
00		RSVD	$\rightarrow$		TXIN24 TXIN25						-
•	Note3	DE	$\rightarrow$		TXIN25 TXIN26						_
		RA6	$\rightarrow$		TXIN20 TXIN27						-
		RA7	$\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$		TXIN2/ TXIN5						-
		GA6	$\rightarrow$		TXINJ TXIN10						-
		GA0 GA7	$\rightarrow$	_	TXIN10 TXIN11						-
		BA6	$\rightarrow$	_	TXIN11 TXIN16						-
		BA7	$\rightarrow$	_	TXIN10 TXIN17						-
	Nota?	RSVD	$\rightarrow$		TXIN17 TXIN23				-		-
	Notes	CLK	$\rightarrow$		CLKIN						-
		RB0	$\rightarrow$		TXIN0						-
		RB1	$\rightarrow$		TXIN1		TA2-	$\rightarrow$	12	DB0-	-
		RB1 RB2	$\rightarrow$	_	TXIN2		TA2+	$\rightarrow$		DB0+	-
		RB3	$\rightarrow$	_	TXIN3		1112			GND	-
		RB4	$\rightarrow$	_	TXIN4		TB2-	$\rightarrow$		DB1-	-
		RB5	$\rightarrow$		TXIN6		TB2+	$\rightarrow$		DB1+	-
		GB0	$\rightarrow$		TXIN7			ŕ		GND	
		GB1	$\rightarrow$		TXIN8		TC2-	$\rightarrow$		DB2-	
		GB2	$\rightarrow$	7	TXIN9		TC2+	$\rightarrow$		DB2+	-
		GB3	$\rightarrow$		TXIN12		_	ŕ			-
<u> </u>		GB4	$\rightarrow$	_	TXIN13		TCLK2-	$\rightarrow$	20	CKB-	1
atá		GB5	$\rightarrow$		TXIN14		TCLK2+	$\rightarrow$		CKB+	1
l d		BB0	$\rightarrow$		TXIN15						1
xe		BB1	$\rightarrow$		TXIN18		TD2-	$\rightarrow$	22	DB3-	1
pi		BB2	$\rightarrow$		TXIN19	2nd	TD2+	$\rightarrow$	23	DB3+	
Even pixel data		BB3	$\rightarrow$		TXIN20				24	GND	1
Ř		BB4	$\rightarrow$		TXIN21					TxSEL	
H		BB5	$\rightarrow$	24	TXIN22					RSVD	1
	Note3	RSVD	$\rightarrow$	27	TXIN24				27	N.C.	1
		RSVD	$\rightarrow$	28	TXIN25				28	VDD	1
		RSVD	$\rightarrow$	30	TXIN26				- 29	VDD	1
		RB6	$\rightarrow$		TXIN27					VDD	1
		RB7	$\rightarrow$		TXIN5						
		GB6	$\rightarrow$		TXIN10						
		GB7	$\rightarrow$		TXIN11						
		BB6	$\rightarrow$		TXIN16						
		BB7	$\rightarrow$		TXIN17						
				· · · · ·							
	Note3	RSVD	$\rightarrow$	25	TXIN23						

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4.6.2 Mode B

			. 1				Transn	nitter			ĺ.		
Inpu	ut data	Note1		Pin		DF83A/R or equ	uivalent	Pin	THC63LVD	823 or equivalent			CN1
		RA2	$\rightarrow$		TA0				R12		Note2	Pin	Symbol
		RA3	$\rightarrow$					54	R13	TA1-	$\rightarrow$		DA0-
		RA4	$\rightarrow$		TA2				R14	TA1+	$\rightarrow$	2	DA0+
		RA5 RA6	$\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$		TA3 TA4				R15 R16	TB1-	、 、	2	DA1-
al		RA0 RA7	$\rightarrow$	30	TA5				R17	TB1+	$\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$		DA1+
Odd pixel data and control signal		GA2	$\rightarrow$	4	TA6				G12	121			2
l si		GA3	$\rightarrow$	6	TB0				G13	TC1-	$\rightarrow$	5	DA2-
tro		GA4	$\rightarrow$		TB1				G14	TC1+	$\rightarrow$		DA2+
on		GA5	$\rightarrow$		TB2				G15				GND
q c		GA6	$\rightarrow$		TB3				G16	TCLK1-	$\rightarrow$		CKA-
an		GA7 BA2	$\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$		TB4 TB5				G17 B12	TCLK1+	$\rightarrow$	9	CKA+
ıta		BA2 BA3	$\rightarrow$		TB5 TB6			73	B12 B13	TD1-	$\rightarrow$	10	DA3-
da		BA4	$\rightarrow$		TC0	1st			B15 B14	TD1+	$\rightarrow$		DA3+
xel		BA5	$\rightarrow$		TC1				B15				
pi		BA6	$\rightarrow$		TC2				B16				
pp		BA7	$\rightarrow$		TC3				B17				
0		RSVD	$\rightarrow$		TC4				RSVD				
	Note3	RSVD	$\rightarrow$		TC5				RSVD				
		DE RA0	$\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$		TC6 TD0				DE R10				
		RA1	$\rightarrow$		TD1			52	R11				
		GA0	$\rightarrow$						G10				
		GA1	$\rightarrow$	10	TD3			62	G11				
		BA0	$\rightarrow$		TD4				B10				
		BA1	$\rightarrow$		TD5				B11				
	Note3	RSVD	$\rightarrow$		TD6			-	CLV				
		CLK	$\rightarrow$		CLKIN				CLK				
		RB2 RB3	$\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$		TA0 TA1				R22 R23	TA2-	$\rightarrow$	12	DB0-
		RB4	$\rightarrow$		TA2				R24	TA2+	$\rightarrow$		DB0+
		RB5	$\rightarrow$		TA3			84	R25				GND
		RB6	$\rightarrow$		TA4			85	R26	TB2-	$\rightarrow$	15	DB1-
		RB7	$\rightarrow$	3	TA5			86	R27	TB2+	$\rightarrow$		DB1+
		GB2	$\rightarrow$		TA6				G22				GND
		GB3	$\rightarrow$		TB0				G23	TC2-	$\rightarrow$		DB2-
		GB4 GB5	$\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$		TB1 TB2				G24 G25	TC2+	$\rightarrow$	19	DB2+
а		GB5 GB6	$\rightarrow$		TB3				G25 G26	TCLK2-	$\rightarrow$	20	CKB-
data		GB7	$\rightarrow$	14	TB4				G27	TCLK2+	$\rightarrow$		CKB+
		BB2	$\rightarrow$		TB5			99	B22				
Even pixel		BB3	$\rightarrow$		TB6				B23	TD2-	$\rightarrow$		DB3-
ů j		BB4	$\rightarrow$		TC0	2nd			B24	TD2+	$\rightarrow$		DB3+
Ň		BB5 BB6	$\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$		TC1 TC2				B25 B26				GND TxSEL
		BB7	$\rightarrow$		TC3				B20 B27				RSVD
	Note3	RSVD	$\rightarrow$		TC4			-					N.C.
		RSVD	$\rightarrow$	28	TC5			-					VDD
	Note3	RSVD	$\rightarrow$		TC6			-					VDD
		RB0	$\rightarrow$		TD0				R20			30	VDD
		RB1	$\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$		TD1				R21 G20				
		GB0 GB1	$\rightarrow$ $\rightarrow$		TD2 TD3				G20 G21				
		BB0	$\rightarrow$		TD3 TD4				B20				
		BB1	$\rightarrow$		TD5				B21				
	Note3	RSVD	$\rightarrow$		TD6			-					
		CLK	$\rightarrow$	31	CLKIN			-					



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- Note1: LSB (Least Significant Bit) RA0, GA0, BA0, RB0, GB0, BB0 MSB (Most Significant Bit) – RA7, GA7, BA7, RB7, GB7, BB7
- Note2: Twist pair wires with  $100\Omega$  (Characteristic impedance) should be used between LCD panel signal processing board and LVDS transmitter.
- Note3: Input signal RSVD is not used inside the product, but do not keep pin open to avoid noise problem.

### 4.7 DISPLAY COLORS AND INPUT DATA SIGNALS

This product can display in equivalent to 16,777,216 colors in 256 gray scales. Also the relation between display colors and input data signals is as the following table.

										Data	signal	(0:1	Low 1	evel,	1: Hig	gh le	vel)								
Displ	ay colors	RA7 I	RA6	RA5	RA4	RA3	RA2	RA1	RA0	GA7	GA6 (	GA5	GA4	GA3	GA2	GA	1 GA0	BA7	BA6	BA5	BA4	BA3	BA2	BA1	BA0
		RB7 I	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0	GB7	GB6 (	GB5	GB4	GB3	GB2	GB	1 GB0	BB7	BB6	BB5	BB4	BB3	BB2	BB1	BB0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
SIC	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Colors	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Isic	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
$\mathbf{Ba}$	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
scale	dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
gray scale	↑				:	:																			
Red g1	$\downarrow$					:		~			~	~		:	~	0	0		0	0		:	0	0	~
Re	bright	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		1	1	1	1	1		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ale	1 1	0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
y sc:	dark ↑	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
gra.	$\downarrow$																								
Green gray scale	↓ bright	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	. 1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	. 0	0	0	0
G	origin	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Diack	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
ale	dark	0	0	Ő	0	Ő	0	0	0	Ő	Ő	0	0	0	Õ	0	0	0	Ő	0	0	0	0	1	0
y sc	$\uparrow$	-	÷	-		:	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-				-	-	÷
gra	$\downarrow$				:	:							:	:							:				
Blue gray scale	bright	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Ũ	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1



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### 4.8 DISPLAY POSITION



### 4.9 INPUT SIGNAL TIMINGS

### 4.9.1 Timing characteristics

	Parameter		Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Remarks		
	Freq	1/tc	49	54	59	MHz	18.52 ns (typ.)			
CLK	D	uty	_				-	Note2		
	Rise time	e, Fall time	-		-		ns	Notez		
	CLK-DATA	Setup time	-				ns			
DATA	CLK-DAIA	Hold time	-		-		ns	Note2		
	Rise time	e, Fall time	-				ns			
		Cycl	th	12.3	15.63	20.59	μs	64.0 kHz (typ.)		
	Horizontal	Cyci	tII	660	844	1,024	CLK	Note1, Note2		
		Display period	thd	640			CLK	110101, 110102		
	Vertical	Cycle	tv	13.1	16.6	17.5	ms	60.0  Hz (turn)		
DE	(One frame)	Cycle	tv	1,030	1,066	1,422	Н	60.0 Hz (typ.) Note1		
	(one nume)	Display period	tvd		1,024		Н	10001		
	CLK-DE	Setup time	-				ns			
	CLK-DE	Hold time	-		-		ns	Note2		
	Rise time	e, Fall time	-				ns			

Note1: Definition of parameters is as follows.

tc = 1CLK, th = 1H

Note2: See the data sheet of LVDS transmitter.



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4.9.2 Input signal timing chart



Note1: DATA (A) = RA0-RA7, GA0-GA7, BA0-BA7 DATA (B) = RB0-RB7, GB0-GB7, BB0-BB7





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### 4.10 OPTICS

4.10.1 Optical characteristics

								(Note1,	Note2)	_
Paramet	ter	Condition	Symbol	min.	typ.	max.	Unit	Measuring instrument	Remarks	
Luminar	ice	White at center $\theta R = 0^\circ, \ \theta L = 0^\circ, \ \theta U = 0^\circ, \ \theta D = 0^\circ$	L	(240)	(300)	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	BM5A or SR-3	-	
Contrast 1	atio	White/Black at center $\theta R = 0^\circ, \theta L = 0^\circ, \theta U = 0^\circ, \theta D = 0^\circ$	CR	TBD	(800)	-	-	BM5A or SR-3	Note3	
Luminance un	iformity	White $\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta D = 0^{\circ}$	LU	-	1.1	1.25	-	BM-5A	Note4	
	White	<b>x</b> coordinate	Wx	-	0.313	-	-			
	winte	y coordinate	Wy	-	0.329	-	-			
	Red	<b>x</b> coordinate	Rx	-	0.65	-				
Chromaticity	Red	y coordinate	Ry	-	0.33	-	-	)		
Chromaticity	Creation	<b>x</b> coordinate	Gx	-	0.29	-	-	SR-3	Note5	
	Green	y coordinate	Gy	-	0.62		-			
	Blue	x coordinate	Bx	-	0.14	-	-			
	Diue	y coordinate	By	-	0.08	-	-			
Color gai	mut	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta U = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta D = 0^{\circ}$ at center, against NTSC color space	С	65	72	-	%			
Response	time	Black to white	Ton	- /	(10)	(20)	ms	BM-5A	Note6	2
Response	unne	White to black	Toff	-	(10)	(20)	ms	DIVI-JA	Note7	2
	Right	$\theta U = 0^{\circ},  \theta D = 0^{\circ},  CR \ge 10$	θR	70	88	-	0			
Viewing	Left	$\theta U = 0^{\circ},  \theta D = 0^{\circ},  CR \ge 10$	θL	70	88	-	0	BM-5A, EZ	Note8	
angle	Up	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$	θU	70	88	-	0	EZ Contrast	notes	
	Down	$\theta R = 0^{\circ}, \ \theta L = 0^{\circ}, \ CR \ge 10$	θD	70	88	-	0			

Note1: These are initial characteristics.

Note2: Measurement conditions are as follows.

Ta = 25°C, VDD = 5.0V, IBL = 6.0mArms/lamp, Display mode: SXGA, Horizontal cycle = 1/64.0kHz, Vertical cycle = 1/60.0Hz

Optical characteristics are measured after 20minutes from working the product, in the dark room. Also measurement methods are as follows.



Note3: See "4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio". Note4: See "4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity". Note5: These coordinates are found on CIE 1931 chromaticity diagram. Note6: Product surface temperature: TopF =  $(35)^{\circ}$ C Note7: See "4.10.4 Definition of response times". Note8: See "4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles".





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4.10.2 Definition of contrast ratio

The contrast ratio is calculated by using the following formula. Contrast ratio (CR) = Luminance of white screen Luminance of black screen

4.10.3 Definition of luminance uniformity

The luminance uniformity is calculated by using following formula. Luminance uniformity (LU) = <u>Maximum luminance from ① to ⑤</u> Minimum luminance from ① to ⑤

The luminance is measured at near the 5 points shown below.

	213	640	1,067
171	<u></u>		@
512	+	3	
853	4		<b></b>

4.10.4 Definition of response times

Response time is measured, the luminance changes from "black" to "white", or "white" to "black" on the same screen point, by photo-detector. Ton is the time it takes the luminance change from 10% up to 90%. Also Toff is the time it takes the luminance change from 90% down to 10% (See the following diagram.).



4.10.5 Definition of viewing angles







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### 5. RELIABILITY TESTS

Test i	item	Condition	Judgment Note1
High temperatur (Opera		<ol> <li>60 ± 2°C, RH = 60%, 240hours</li> <li>Display data is white.</li> </ol>	
Heat o (Opera		<ul> <li>① 0 ± 3°C1hour 55 ± 3°C1hour</li> <li>② 50cycles, 4hours/cycle</li> <li>③ Display data is white.</li> </ul>	No display malfunctions
Thermai (Non ope		<ul> <li>① -20±3°C30minutes 60±3°C30minutes</li> <li>② 100cycles, 1hour/cycle</li> <li>③ Temperature transition time is within 5 minutes.</li> </ul>	
Vibra (Non ope		<ul> <li>① 5 to 100Hz, 11.76m/s<sup>2</sup></li> <li>② 1 minute/cycle</li> <li>③ X, Y, Z directions</li> <li>④ 10 times each directions</li> </ul>	No display malfunctions No physical damages
Mechanic (Non ope		<ol> <li>294m/ s<sup>2</sup>, 11ms</li> <li>X, Y, Z directions</li> <li>3 times each directions</li> </ol>	The physical canages
ES (Opera	-	<ol> <li>150pF, 150Ω, ±10kV</li> <li>9 places on a panel surface Note2</li> <li>10 times each places at 1 sec interval</li> </ol>	
Du (Opera		<ol> <li>Sample dust: No.15 (by JIS-Z8901)</li> <li>15 seconds stir</li> <li>8 times repeat at 1 hour interval</li> </ol>	No display malfunctions
Low pressure	Operation	<ol> <li>53.3 kPa</li> <li>0°C±3°C24 hours</li> <li>55°C±3°C24 hours</li> </ol>	
	Non-operation	<ol> <li>15 kPa</li> <li>-20°C±3°C24 hours</li> <li>60°C±3°C24 hours</li> </ol>	

Note1: Display functions are checked under the same conditions as product inspection. Note2: See the following figure for discharge points







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#### **6. PRECAUTIONS**

### 6.1 MEANING OF CAUTION SIGNS

The following caution signs have very important meaning. Be sure to read "6.2 CAUTIONS" and "6.3 ATTENTIONS", after understanding these contents!

 This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by himself or the product will sustain a damage, if customer has wrong operations.

 This sign has the meaning that customer will get an electrical shock, if customer has wrong operations.

 This sign has the meaning that customer will get an electrical shock, if customer has wrong operations.

This sign has the meaning that customer will be injured by himself, if customer has wrong operations.

### 6.2 CAUTIONS

\* Do not touch the working backlight. There is a danger of an electric shock.

- \* Do not touch the working backlight. There is a danger of burn injury.
- \* Do not shock and press the LCD panel and the backlight! There is a danger of breaking, because they are made of glass. (Shock: To be not greater 294m/s<sup>2</sup> and to be not greater 11ms, Pressure: To be not greater 19.6N (φ16mm jig))

**6.3 ATTENTIONS** 

6.3.1 Handling of the product

- ① Take hold of both ends without touching the circuit board when the product (LCD module) is picked up from inner packing box to avoid broken down or misadjustment, because of stress to mounting parts on the circuit board.
- ② Do not hook nor pull cables such as lamp cable, and so on, in order to avoid any damage.
- ③ When the product is put on the table temporarily, display surface must be placed downward.
- When handling the product, take the measures of electrostatic discharge with such as earth band, ionic shower and so on, because the product may be damaged by electrostatic.
- ⑤ The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.67N⋅m. Higher torque might result in distortion of the bezel. And the length of product mounting screws from surface of plate(product side) must be 4.0mm to 7.0mm.





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(6) The product must be installed using mounting holes without undue stress such as bends or twist (See outline drawings). And do not add undue stress to any portion (such as bezel flat area). Bends or twist described above and undue stress to any portion may cause display mura. Recommended installing method: Ideal plane "A" is defined by one mounting hole (datum point) and

Recommended installing method: Ideal plane "A" is defined by one mounting hole (datum point) and other mounting holes. The ideal plane "A" should be the same plane within ±TBD mm.



- ⑦ Do not press or rub on the sensitive product surface. When cleaning the product surface, use of the cloth with ethanolic liquid such as screen cleaner for LCD is recommended.
- ③ Do not push nor pull the interface connectors while the product is working.
- ③ Do not locate the lamp cable on the signal processing board. A noise may occur on the display image.
- Properly connect the plug (backlight side) to adaptable socket (inverter side) without incomplete connection. After connecting, be careful not to hook the lamp cables because incomplete connection may occur by hooking the lamp cables. This incomplete connection may cause abnormal operation of high voltage circuit.
- If the lamp cable is attached on the metal part of the product directly, high frequency leak current to the metal part may occur, then the brightness may decrease or the lamp may not be turned on.
- <sup>(2)</sup> When handling the product, use of an original protection sheet on the product surface (polarizer) is recommended for protection of product surface. Adhesive type protection sheet may change color or characteristics of the polarizer.
- ③ Usually liquid crystals don't leak through the breakage of glasses because of the surface tension of thin layer and the construction of LCD panel. But, if you contact with liquid crystal for the worst, please wash it out with soap.

#### 6.3.2 Environment

- ① Do not operate or store in high temperature, high humidity, dewdrop atmosphere or corrosive gases. Keep the product in packing box with antistatic pouch in room temperature to avoid dusts and sunlight, when storing the product.
- ② In order to prevent dew condensation occurring by temperature difference, the product packing box should be opened after enough time being left under the environment of an unpacking room. Evaluate the leaving time sufficiently because a situation of dew condensation occurring is changed by the environmental temperature and humidity. (Recommended leaving time: 6 hours or more with packing state)
- ③ Do not operate in high magnetic field. Circuit boards may be broken down by it.
- ④ This product is not designed as radiation hardened.





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6.3.3 Characteristics

#### The following items are neither defects nor failures.

- ① Response time, luminance and color may be changed by ambient temperature.
- ② Display mura, flicker, vertical seam or small spot may be observed depending on display patterns.
- ③ Optical characteristics (e.g. luminance, display uniformity, etc.) gradually is going to change depending on operating time, and especially low temperature, because the LCD has cold cathode fluorescent lamps.
- ④ Do not display the fixed pattern for a long time because it may cause image sticking. Use a screen saver, if the fixed pattern is displayed on the screen.
- ⑤ The display color may be changed depending on viewing angle because of the use of condenser sheet in the backlight.
- <sup>©</sup> Optical characteristics may be changed depending on input signal timings.
- ⑦ The interference noise between input signal frequency for this product's signal processing board and luminance control frequency of the inverter may appear on a display. Set up luminance control frequency of the inverter so that the interference noise does not appear.
- ③ After the product is stored under condition of low temperature or dark place for a long time, the cold cathode fluorescent lamp may not be turned on under the same condition because of the general characteristic of cold cathode fluorescent lamp. In addition, when Luminance control ratio is low in pulse width modulation method inverter, the lamp may not be turned on. In this case, power should be supplied again.

#### 6.3.4 Other

- ① All GND and VDD terminals should be used without any non-connected lines.
- ② Do not disassemble a product or adjust variable resistors.
- ③ Pack the product with original shipping package, in order to avoid any damages during transportation, when returning the product to NEC for repair and so on.
- ④ The LCD module by itself or integrated into end product should be packed and transported with display in the vertical position. Otherwise the display characteristics may be degraded.



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## 7. OUTLINE DRAWINGS

7.1 FRONT VIEW





- Note1: The torque for product mounting screws must never exceed 0.67N·m. And the length of product mounting screws from surface of plate(product side) must be 4.0mm to 7.0mm.
- Note2: Excluding lamp cable, cable clamp and projections.
- Note3: The values in parentheses are for reference.



PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET DOD-PP-0492 (2nd edition)

One step solution for LCD / PDP / OLED panel application: Datasheet, inventory and accessory! www.panelook.com



Unit: mm



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### 7.2 REAR VIEW



Note1: The values in parentheses are for reference. Note2: The cable of up side and down side is the same length.

PRELIMINARY DATA SHEET DOD-PP-0492 (2nd edition)

Unit: mm





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### **REVISION HISTORY**

The inside of latest specifications is revised to the clerical error and the major improvement of previous edition. Only a changed part such as functions, characteristic value and so on that may affect a design of customers, are described especially below.

Edition	Document number	Prepared date	R	evision contents and sig	nature
1st	DOD-PP-	Feb. 29,	<b>Revision contents</b>		
edition	0486	2008	New issue		
			Writer		
			Approved by Cha	ecked by	Prepared by
			T. OGAWA		E. KATAYAMA
2nd	DOD-PP-	Mar. 10,	Revision contents		
edition	0492	2008	P5 General specifications		
			• Restonse time: (16) ms(typ.)	$\rightarrow$ (20) ms(typ.)	
			P6 Block diagram	(20) Ind(t)(1)	
			• GND-FG: Not connected $\rightarrow$	Connected	
			P9 Electrical characteristics -	Backlight lamp	
			• Lamp current: $300 \text{ cd/m}^2 \rightarrow$		
			P11 Fuse		
			• Rating: (4.0A), (25V) $\rightarrow$ (2.	.5A), (32V)	
			• Fusing current: (8.0A), 1min.	$\max$ → (6.25A), 5min	max.
			P14 Backlight lamp - CN201, CN	J202, CN203, CN204, CN	V205, CN206
			• Low voltage: Cable color: (W	White) $\rightarrow$ Cable color: (C	bray)
			P21 Optical characteristics - Resp	oonse time	
					$ax.) \rightarrow (10) \text{ ms(typ.),}(20) \text{ ms(max.)}$
			P24-25 Attentions - Handling the	product	
			• (change of expression)		
			• 🕲 (elmination)		
			P27 Outline drawings		
			• Depth: 4.0 to $7.0 \rightarrow$ Note1	(change)	
			Signature of writer		
			Approved by Ch	hecked by	Prepared by
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